## UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA College of Engineering Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Sciences Coputer Science Division

# **Computer Science 184 - Computer Graphics**

# Fall 1992 - Midterm Exam

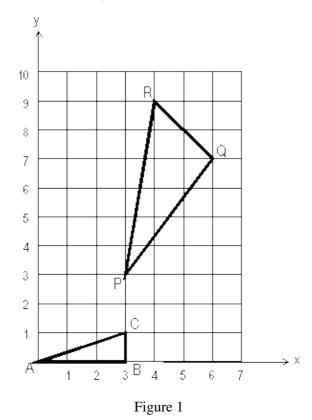
**Professor Brian A Barksy** 

TAs: Mark Halstead and Dan Garcia

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Question 1: Transformations [20 points]

Figure 1 shows a triangle ABC transformed by a transformation matrix **T** to a new position PQR.



A) Write down the transformation matrix **T**. Show all work. [17 points]

B) If the problem was to compute the inverse matrix  $T^{-1}$ , i.e. if the original triangle was PQR which gets transformed by  $T^{-1}$  to ABC, is there enough information to compute all the elements of  $T^{-1}$ ? [3 points]

#### Answer 1: **Transformations**

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### Question 2: Scan Conversion [20 points]

A) For each of the 18 regions labeled a-r in figure 2, fill in the chart below with the words "IN" or "OUT" which represent what the particular scan conversion rule (odd/even vs. non-zero winding) would conclude about that region. [13 points]

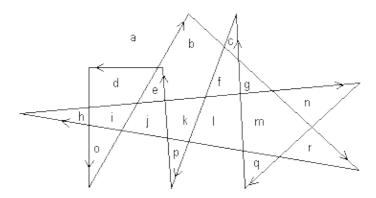


Figure 2

B) What is the minimum number of edges a polygon would need so that the non-zero winding rule and odd/even rule have different answers for a particular region of a polygon? Draw it, highlight the region wich is labeled differently and tell which rule labeled it in and which one out. [7 points]

Label	Odd/Even	Non-zero Winding
а		
b		
с		
d		
e		
f		
g		
h		
i		
j		
k		
1		
m		

Answer 2: Scan Conversion

n	
0	
р	
q	
r	

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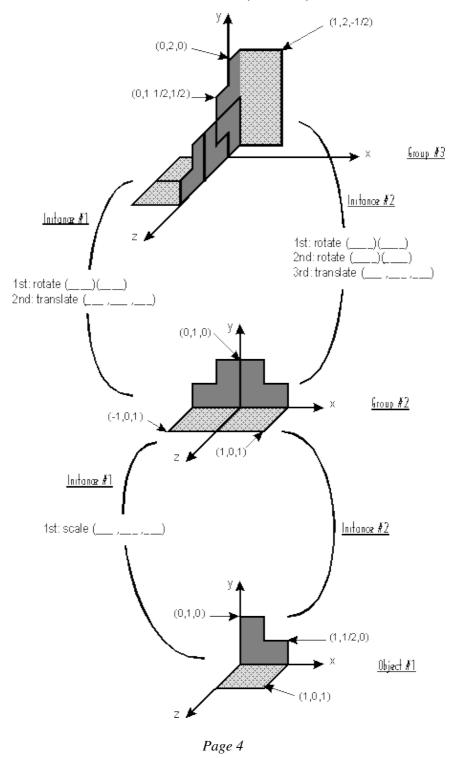
Question 3: Hierarchial Modeling [20 points - 10 points this page, 10 points next page]

A) The following diagram represents a hierarchial object description which might be found in a SDL file. Fill in the missing arguements to the transformation statements so that object #1 is instanced correctly in group #2 and group #2 is instanced correctly in group #3. [10 points]

The transformation statement format is: rotate (axis) (degrees), translate (tx,ty,tz) and scale (sx,sy,sz). Note that the axes are in a right handed coordinate system, as in SDL and GL, therefore use the right hand convention for rotations.

## Answer 3: Hierarchial Modeling





Question 3: Hierarchial Modeling (continued)

B) The composite object show in part (A) could be represented alternatively as a list of verticies and faces in group #3, without the hierarchy of transformations. List some advantages and disadvantages of both the hierarchial and non-hierarchial modeling schemes. Consider the problem of rendering, animation, storage and anything else you can think of. [10 points]

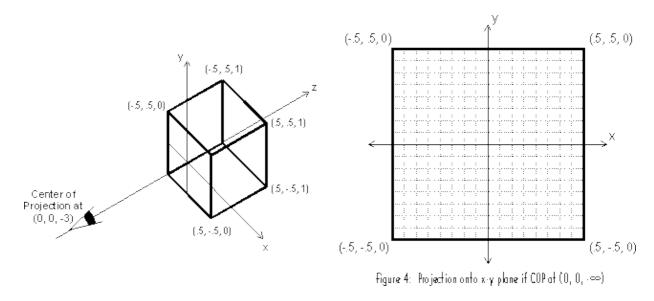
#### Answer 3: Hierarchial Modeling

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#### Question 4: Projections [20 points]

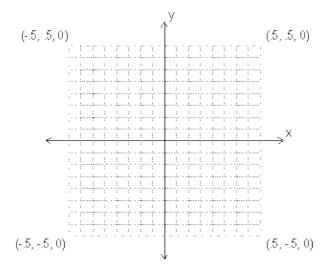
A unit wireframe cube is centered at (0,0,.5) in the left-handed picture-plane coordinate system as shown in figure 3 below. The plane of projection is the x-y plane. If the center of projection (COP) is at  $(0,0,-\infty)$ , the projection of the cube onto the projection plane is shown in figure 4.



A) If the COP is moved to (0,0,-3) as shown in figure 3, draw the resulting projection in the grid provided below. Show all work - a sketch with no algebra will receive very little credit. [10 points]

B) The COP remains at (0,0,-3). The cube is deformed such athat its projection is exactly that of figure 4. Note that there are infinitely many deformations that generate the same projection. Assume the deformation *does not* scale the cube along the z-axis (i.e. z-coordinates are unchanged). What are the coordinates of the verticies of the cube afer deformation? [10 points]

#### Answer 4: Projections



Draw your projection for part (A) above

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## Question 5: User interface Considerations [20 points]

In your "Polygon Entry" assignment you created polygons by clicking in the window to add verticies and then clicked a different way to signify that you were done. Here we consider user interface issues related to the *deletion* of verticies. A fellow student (who didn't attend the 2-D Interaction lecture) suggests the following interaction technique:

1) Type Esc-Shift-Control-7, which tells the computer the user is ready to choose the single vertex to remove.

2) Type the pixel coordinates of the vertex in the folllowing format exactly: "[{4-digit-X-location}, {4-digit-Y-location}]". e.g. "[{0123}, {0056}]" for the vertex at point (123,56)

3) Type "REMOVE\_THE\_VERTEX\_NOW"

A) Describe briefly three distinct, fundamental problems with this suggestion. [9 points]

B) You are hired by the Nanosoft<sup>TM</sup> corporation to implement the delete-vertex module in a large 2-D draw-style program. You are given an entire semester to create the most flexible and powerful module possible. Your users will be people of all ranges of computing skills - from novices to experts. Assume you have at your disposal the standard draw selection tools. Describe (at a user level, not a programming level) the mouse-oriented techniques you would use for removing verticies. Explain reasons behind the decisions you make. [11 points]

## Answer 5: User interface Considerations

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