# Midterm I - Solution CS164, Spring 2014

#### March 3, 2014

• Please read all instructions (including these) carefully.

• This is a closed-book exam. You are allowed a one-page handwritten cheat sheet.

• Write your name, login, and SID.

• There are TODO pages in this exam and 3 questions, each with multiple parts. If you get stuck on a question move on and come back to it later.

• You have 1 hour and 15 minutes to work on the exam.

• Please write your answers in the space provided on the exam, and clearly mark your solutions. You may use the backs of the exam pages as scratch paper. **Do not** use any additional scratch paper.

• Solutions will be graded on correctness and *clarity*. Each problem has a relatively simple and straightforward solution. Partial solutions will be graded for partial credit.

• No electronic devices are allowed, including **cell phones** used merely as watches. Silence your cell phones and place them in your bag.

Problem	Max points	Points
1	28	
2	24	
3	48	
Sub Total	100	

### **1** Regular Expressions and Finite Automata

Consider a small language using only the letters "Z", "O", and the slash character "/". A comment in this language starts with "/O" and ends after the very next "O/".

(a) Give a regular expression that matches exactly one complete comment and nothing else. Assume comments do not nest. For full credit, use only the core notations: ε, "ab", AB, A|B, and A<sup>\*</sup> [8 points]

Consider the language over the alphabet  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$  containing strings in which number of 'a's is a multiple of 3

or number of 'b's is a multiple of 2.

(b) Write a regular expression for this language. [4 points]

(c) Write an NFA for this language. [4 points]

(d) Write a DFA with at most 6 states for this language [4 points]

(3) Can we construct a regular expression for a language over the alphabet  $\Sigma = \{a,b\}$  whose strings have equal number of occurrences of a and b? Explain. [4 points]

# 2 LL Parsing

Consider the following grammar with terminals \*, !, n, (, and ).

Е	$\rightarrow$	FΗ
Н	$\rightarrow$	*Ε   <i>ε</i>
F	$\rightarrow$	F!   G
G	$\rightarrow$	n   (E)

(a) The grammar is not LL(1). Explain in one sentence why [2 points]

(b) Fix the grammar to make it LL(1) by filling in the blanks below [4 points]

Е	$\rightarrow$ FH	F	$\rightarrow$	<u> </u>
Н	$\rightarrow$ *E   $\epsilon$	К	$\rightarrow$	
G	→ n  (E)	К	$\rightarrow$	

(c) Compute the first and the follow set of the fixed grammar [8 points]

	First	Follow
E		
F		
G		
Н		
К		

(d) Compute LL(1) parsing table **[10 points]** 

	*	!	(	)	\$ n
Е					
F					
G					
Н					
К					

## 3 LR Parsing and Ambiguity

Consider the following grammar with terminals - (the negation operator) and int.

$$\begin{array}{rrrr} \mathsf{S} & \rightarrow & \mathsf{E} \\ \mathsf{E} & \rightarrow & \mathsf{E} - \mathsf{E} & | & - - \mathsf{E} & | & \textit{int} \end{array}$$

(a) Draw all the parse trees for the string *int - - - int - int* [6 points]

(b) Is this grammar ambiguous? Why or why not? [2 point]



(c) Complete the above partial LR(1) DFA for the grammar. [16 points]

- Fill in items of all states by performing closure operation. (6)
- Fill in missing transition labels on all edges (4)
- Write the necessary "reduce by ... on ..." labels on states (2)
- Add missing transition edges (Hint: State 2 and State 5) (4)
- (d) For each state with a conflict, list the state, the lookahead token, and the type of conflict (i.e. shift-reduce conflict, or reduce-reduce conflict). **[4 points]**

(reduction labels)



(e) Describe in English the precedence and associativity rules necessary to ensure property P. [4 points]

(f) Explain, for each conflict in the LR(1) parsing DFA for this grammar, how it should be resolved to ensure property P. [4 points]

(g) Rewrite the grammar to an equivalent unambiguous grammar to ensure property P. Two grammars are equivalent when they accept the same language. [8 points]

(h) The Cool grammar has an ambiguity introduced by *let-expression*. Give an example illustrating the ambiguity associated with *let-expression*. [4 point]

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