

Solutions to the Practice Midterm

1. parallel, larger, active, cannot
2. (a) R1 and R2 are 6 and 12 ohms
(b) see your lecture notes. A Zener diode is useful as a very good, stable voltage supply, i.e. as a voltage regulator.
3. (a) this should be easy from your lecture notes
(b) voltage recorded by voltmeter is
 $10 \cdot R_L \cdot R_2 / [R_L R_2 + R_L R_1 + R_1 R_2]$
(c) Ideally, R1 = 0, R2 = infinity
(d) Then, the voltmeter would measure 10 volts.
4. $V_{out} = V_{in} \cdot R_2 / (R_2 - R_1)$
5. $V_{out} = -(1/d) \operatorname{arcsinh}(V_{in}/2cR)$
6. Was not posted, but it was similar to problem 4.12 in the text. Basically you are asked to find the Thevenin equivalent of a simple circuit with one dependent voltage source.